

$\bar{x} = 23.8$
 $mod = 24$

1. Find the limit (or say that it doesn't exist):

(3) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x)$, where $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2+2, & x > 2 \\ 5, & x = 2 \\ x+2, & x < 2 \end{cases}$

6
 must

2. Find the following limits (finite), or else say they do not exist:

12 a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^2 - 25}{x - 5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{(x+5)(x-5)}{x-5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (x+5) = 5+5 = 10$

must

b. $\lim_{y \rightarrow 4} \frac{y - 4}{y(\sqrt{y} - 2)} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 4} \frac{(y-4)(\sqrt{y}+2)}{y(\sqrt{y}-2)(\sqrt{y}+2)} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 4} \frac{(y-4)(\sqrt{y}+2)}{y(y-4)}$
 $= \lim_{y \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{y}+2}{y} = \frac{2+2}{4} = 1$

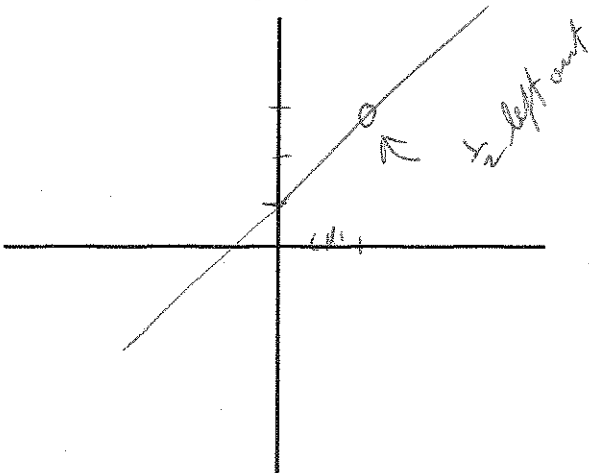
3. For the function:

10 $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x - 2} = \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{x-2} = x+1 \quad x \neq 2$

all

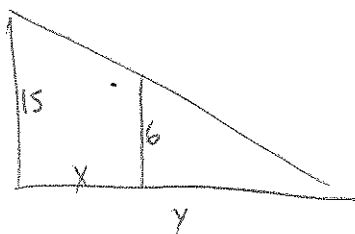
a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x+1) = 3$

b. Sketch the graph of f.



5. A man is walking away from a street light which is on top of a 15 foot post. He is 6 feet tall. Write the distance of his shadow from the base of the post as a function of the distance he is from the light post.

3 good all



tip
 $\frac{y}{6} = \frac{y+x}{15}$
 $\frac{15}{6} = \frac{y+x}{y-x}$

$\frac{6}{15}y - \frac{6}{15}x = y$
 $-\frac{9}{15}x = \frac{6}{15}y$

$\frac{6}{15} = \frac{y-x}{y}$

$y = \frac{2}{3}x$
 $x \geq 0$

$6y = 15y - 15x$
 $y = \frac{2}{3}x, x \geq 0$