

Math 131
Test I
October 10, 1975

Name KEY

I. Short answer, 5 points each:

1. The slope of the line through the points (2,1) and (5,-3) is

$\frac{1-(-3)}{5-2} = \frac{1+3}{5-2} = \frac{4}{3}$ $\frac{-3-1}{5-2} = \frac{-4}{3}$

2. The distance between the points (1,-2) and (3,7) is

$\sqrt{(3-1)^2 + (7-(-2))^2} = \sqrt{2^2 + 9^2} = \sqrt{85}$

3. If a tank contains 100,000 gallons when the drain is opened, and 10 minutes later it is half empty; what is the average rate of change? (include the units)

$\frac{50,000 - 100,000}{10} = -5000 \text{ gal/min}$

4. The equation of the vertical line through (-3,-7) is

$x = -3$

5. The equation of the circle with center (7,-2) and radius 4 is

$(x-7)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 16$

6. What is the slope of the line $x+2y+3 = 0$?

$-\frac{1}{2}$

7. At what point on the curve $y = x^2+2x+3$ is the tangent line horizontal?

$y' = 2x+2 = 0$
 $x = -1$ $y = 1 - 2 + 3 = 2$
 $(-1, 2)$

8. The equation of the straight line through (3,4) which is perpendicular to the line $y = 4x-5$ is

$m = -\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{y-4}{x-3} = -\frac{1}{4}$
 $y-4 = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 4\frac{3}{4}$
 $x+4y = 19$

II. Using only the definition, find the derivative of each of the following

1. $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 7$

2. $f(x) = \sqrt{3x+2}$

1. $f(x+\Delta x) = (x+\Delta x)^2 - 6(x+\Delta x) + 7$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{x^2 + 2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 - 6x - 6\Delta x + 7 - (x^2 - 6x + 7)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 - 6\Delta x}{\Delta x} = 2x + \Delta x - 6$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (2x + \Delta x - 6) = 2x - 6$$

2.

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{\sqrt{3(x+\Delta x)+2} - \sqrt{3x+2}}{\Delta x} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3x+3\Delta x+2} + \sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{\dots} + \sqrt{\dots}}$$

$$= \frac{3x + 3\Delta x + 2 - (3x + 2)}{\Delta x (\sqrt{3x+3\Delta x+2} + \sqrt{3x+2})} = \frac{3\Delta x}{\Delta x (\sqrt{\dots} + \sqrt{\dots})}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3}{\sqrt{3x+3\Delta x+2} + \sqrt{3x+2}} = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+2}} = \frac{3}{2} (3x+2)^{-1/2}$$

... 10 points.

Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve $y = 3x^2 + x + 2$ where it crosses the line $x = 2$.

$$y = 3 \cdot 4 + 2 + 2 = 16$$

$$y' = 6x + 1 \quad x = 2$$

$$m = 13$$

$$\frac{y-16}{x-2} = 13$$

$$y-16 = 13x - 26$$

$$y = 13x - 10$$

IV. Carefully sketch the graph of each of the following: (30 points)

1. $y = 3x + 2$ *b*

3. $y = (x-1)(x+3)^2$ *B*

2. $y = -(x-2)(x+5)$ *ag*

4. $y = x^2(x+1)^4(x-5)^3(x-2)$ *B*

Use this to show work. Use next page for graphs. Number them!

2. $x = 2$ ① $x = -5$ ①

	$x-2$	$x+5$	-1	y
$x < -5$	-	-	-	-
$-5 < x < 2$	-	+	-	+
$x > 2$	+	+	-	-

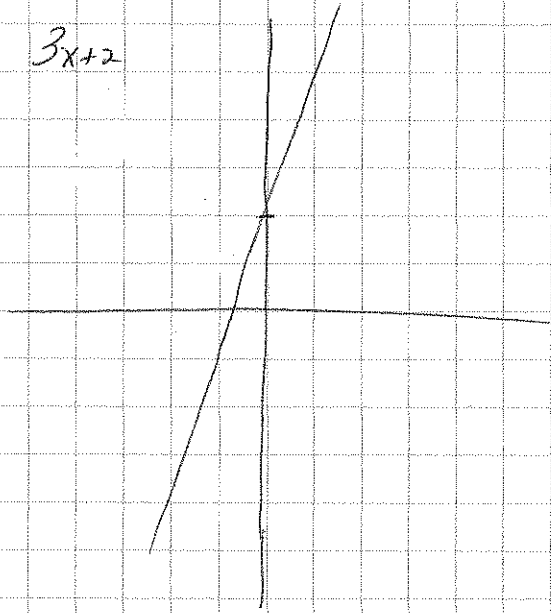
4. $x = -1$ ④
 $x = 0$ ②
 $x = 5$ ③
 $x = 2$ ①

	x^2	$(x+1)^4$	$(x-5)^3$	$x-2$	y
$x < -1$	+	+	-	-	+
$-1 < x < 0$	+	+	-	-	-
$0 < x < 2$	+	+	-	-	+
$2 < x < 5$	+	+	+	+	-
$x > 5$	+	+	+	+	+

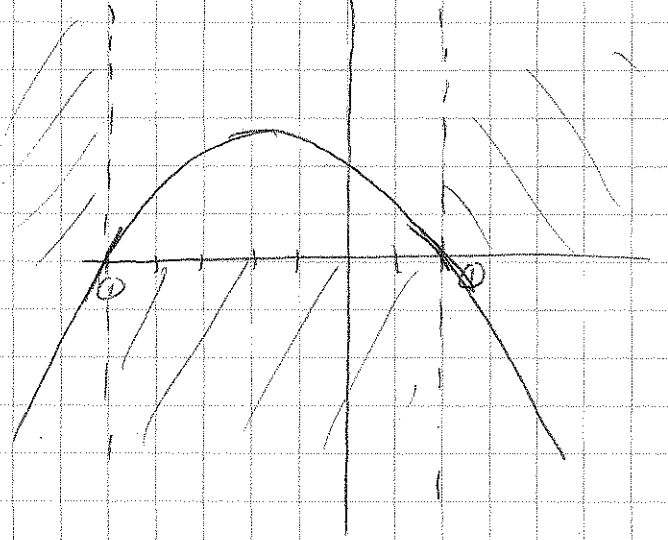
3. $x = 1$ *mt* ①
 $x = -3$ ②

	$x-1$	$(x+3)^2$	y
$x < -3$	-	+	-
$-3 < x < 1$	-	+	-
$x > 1$	+	+	+

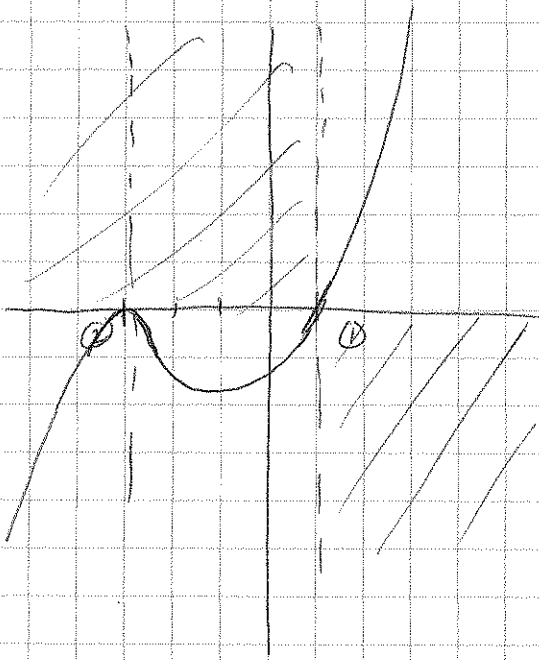
1. $3x+2$



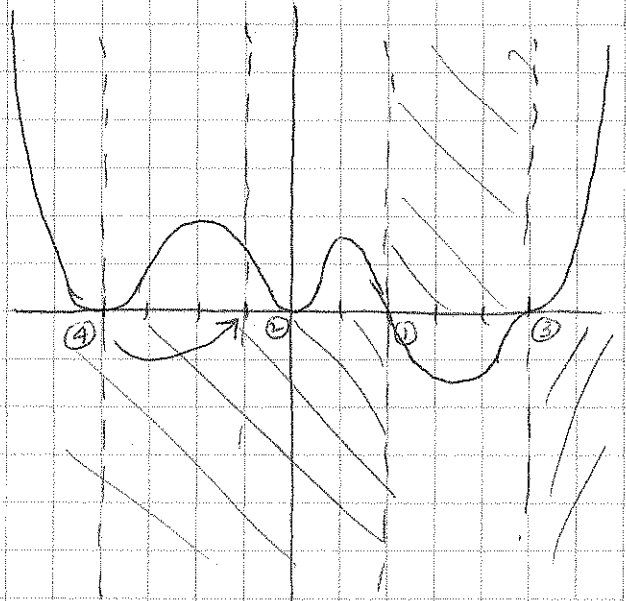
2. $-(x-2)(x+5)$



3. $(x-1)(x+3)^2$



4. $x^2(x+4)^4(x-5)^3(x-2)$



$x < -4$			
x	$(x-5)^3$	$x-2$	
$x < 2$	-	-	+
$2 < x < 5$	-	+	-
$x > 5$	+	+	+